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(Original Signature of Member)

119TH CONGRESS  
1ST SESSION

**H. RES.** \_\_\_\_\_

Expressing support for designation of the month of February 2025 as  
“National Teen Dating Violence Awareness and Prevention Month”.

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**IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES**

Ms. MOORE of Wisconsin submitted the following resolution; which was  
referred to the Committee on \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_  
**RESOLUTION**

Expressing support for designation of the month of February  
2025 as “National Teen Dating Violence Awareness and  
Prevention Month”.

Whereas, according to the Centers for Disease Control and  
Prevention (in this resolution referred to as the “CDC”),  
teen dating violence includes 4 types of behavior: (1)  
physical violence, (2) sexual violence, (3) psychological  
aggression, and (4) stalking;

Whereas, according to the National Institute of Justice and  
Statistics, technology-facilitated abuse is a growing social  
malady contributing to increased psychological aggression  
among teens;

Whereas technology-facilitated abuse includes, but is not limited to, cyber extortion, cyberstalking, and doxing;

Whereas, according to the Cyberbullying Research Center, over one quarter (28.1 percent) of teens who had been in a romantic relationship at some point in the previous year said they had been the victim of at least one form of digital dating abuse;

Whereas, while dating violence, domestic violence, sexual violence, and stalking affect individuals regardless of age, teens are especially vulnerable;

Whereas, according to the 2019 Youth Risk Behavior Survey, almost half (44.3 percent) of teens experienced at least one type of violence and 1 in 7 (15.6 percent) of teens experienced at least two types of violence;

Whereas 1 in 9 female and 1 in 36 male high school students report having experienced sexual dating violence in the last year;

Whereas the CDC reported that nearly 1 in 11 female teens and about 1 in 15 male teens reported experiencing physical dating violence in the last year;

Whereas teaching teens about the consequences of intimate partner violence and supporting the development of healthy, respectful, and nonviolent relationships have the potential to decrease teen dating violence in future generations;

Whereas educating middle school students and their parents about the importance of building healthy relationships and preventing teen dating violence is key to deterring abuse before it begins;

Whereas, according to a National Intimate Partner and Sexual Violence Survey of the CDC, 80 percent of female

rape victims experienced their first rape before the age of 25, and almost half experienced their first rape before the age of 18;

Whereas, according to the same National Intimate Partner and Sexual Violence Survey, 26 percent of women and 15 percent of men who were victims of contact sexual violence, physical violence, or stalking by an intimate partner in their lifetime first experienced these or other forms of violence by that partner before the age of 18;

Whereas approximately 35 percent of women who were raped as minors were also raped as adults;

Whereas developing healthy relationship practices and standards in youth under the age of 18 can be critical to eliminating sexual violence and other forms of intimate partner violence;

Whereas teen dating violence is a preventable public health crisis that can negatively impact teens and youth in all parts of the United States;

Whereas teens who have experienced dating violence are more than twice as likely as others to consider suicide;

Whereas the CDC indicates that there are several community factors, such as poverty, low capital, such as lack of institutions, relationships, and norms that shape a community's social interactions, poor neighborhood support and cohesion, weak community sanctions against intimate partner violence, and high alcohol outlet density, that place individuals at greater risk for perpetrating intimate partner violence;

Whereas the CDC also indicates that community factors, such as neighborhood collective efficacy, and coordination of resources and services among community agencies,

may reduce an individual’s risk of perpetrating intimate partner violence;

Whereas primary prevention programs are a key part of addressing teen dating violence, and many successful examples of such programs include education, community outreach, and social marketing campaigns that are culturally appropriate;

Whereas evidence-based programs such as the “Coaching Boys Into Men” program have demonstrated that teaching adolescent men how to have healthy and nonviolent relationships may increase positive bystander behavior and prevent men from becoming perpetrators of teen dating violence;

Whereas the Violence Against Women Act of 1994, as amended by the Violence Against Women Reauthorization Act of 2013 and the Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2022, includes the SMART Teen Dating Violence Awareness and Prevention Act, which improves the coordination and effectiveness of programs to address abusive youth relationships;

Whereas skilled assessment and intervention programs are necessary for youth victims and abusers; and

Whereas the establishment of the month of February 2025 as National Teen Dating Violence Awareness and Prevention Month will benefit schools, communities, and families regardless of socioeconomic status, race, and sex: Now, therefore, be it

- 1        *Resolved*, That the House of Representatives—
- 2            (1) supports the designation of “National Teen
- 3        Dating Violence Awareness and Prevention Month”;

1           (2) supports communities in empowering teens  
2           to develop healthy relationships throughout their  
3           lives;

4           (3) recognizes the national impact of teen dat-  
5           ing violence on public health and its specific and dis-  
6           proportionate impact on young women; and

7           (4) calls on the people of the United States, in-  
8           cluding youth, parents, schools, law enforcement,  
9           State and local officials, nonprofit organizations, and  
10          interested groups to observe National Teen Dating  
11          Violence Awareness and Prevention Month with ap-  
12          propriate programs and activities that promote  
13          awareness and prevention of teen dating violence in  
14          communities across the country.